

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

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MatML Version 3.0 Schema Example 3 - Steel with TiC Coating from a Journal Article

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Source - A. Agarwal and N.B. Dahotre, "Pulsed Electrode Surfacing of Steel With TiC Coating - Microstructure and Wear Properties," ASM Journal of Materials Engineering and Performance, Vol. 8, No. 4, pp. 479-486, 1999.

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<MatML\_Doc xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2000/10/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="matml.xsd">

<Material>

<BulkDetails>

<Name>TiC coated AISI 1018 steel</Name>

<Class>composite</Class>

<Subclass>ceramic coating on metal substrate</Subclass>

<Form>coupon</Form>

<PropertyData property="pr1" technique="mt1" source="ds1">

<Data format="float">.0011,.0018,.0023,.0027,.0029</Data>

<ParameterValue parameter="pa1" format="integer">2,4,6,8,10</ParameterValue>

<ParameterValue parameter="pa2" format="integer">270,270,270,270,270</ParameterValue>

<ParameterValue parameter="pa3" format="integer">2,2,2,2,2</ParameterValue>

</PropertyData>

<PropertyData property="pr2" technique="mt2" source="ds1">

<Data format="float">0.58</Data>

</PropertyData>

</BulkDetails>

<ComponentDetails>

<Name>steel</Name>

<Class>metal</Class>

<Specification authority="American Iron and Steel Institute">AISI 1018</Specification>

<Form>coupon</Form>

<ProcessingDetails>

<Name>Mechanical Polishing</Name>

<Notes>The coupons were mechanically polished on emery paper of grit size 240.</Notes>

</ProcessingDetails>

<ProcessingDetails>

<Name>Rinsing</Name>

<Notes>After polishing, the coupons were rinsed in acetone.</Notes>

</ProcessingDetails>

<ProcessingDetails>

<Name>Coating</Name>

<Notes>

"A sintered electrode of TiC was used to deposit a coating on these steel coupons. The TiC electrode had 3 to 5 wt% Ni and 1 to 3 wt% Fe as binder. Deposition was carried out using a handheld gun in air at room temperature. Pulsed electrode deposition was carried out at a voltage of 50V and spark time of 10µs. The discharge capacitance used for the PES process was 450µF with a current of 25A."

</Notes>

</ProcessingDetails>

<Geometry>

<Shape>square</Shape>

<Dimensions>25mm x 25mm</Dimensions>

</Geometry>

<PropertyData property="pr1" technique="mt3" source="ds1">

<Data format="float">.0019,.0036,.0057,.0073,.0090</Data>

<ParameterValue parameter="pa1" format="integer">2,4,6,8,10</ParameterValue>

<ParameterValue parameter="pa2" format="integer">270,270,270,270,270</ParameterValue>

<ParameterValue parameter="pa3" format="integer">2,2,2,2,2</ParameterValue>

</PropertyData>

<PropertyData property="pr3" technique="mt4" source="ds1">

<Data format="integer">172</Data>

<Uncertainty>

<Value format="integer">12</Value>

<Units name="kg/mm^2" description="kilograms per square millimeter">

<Unit>kg</Unit>

<Unit power="-2">mm</Unit>

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    </Units>
  </Uncertainty>
</PropertyData>
<AssociationDetails>
  <Associate>titanium carbide coating</Associate>
  <Relationship>substrate</Relationship>
</AssociationDetails>
</ComponentDetails>
<ComponentDetails>
  <Name>titanium carbide coating</Name>
  <Class>carbide</Class>
  <Subclass>monocarbide</Subclass>
  <Characterization>
    <Formula>TiC·xFe</Formula>
    <PhaseComposition>
      <Name>TiC</Name>
    </PhaseComposition>
    <PhaseComposition>
      <Name>Ti</Name>
      <Concentration>
        <Value format="string">5,25</Value>
        <Units description="mass fraction">
          <Unit>%</Unit>
        </Units>
        <Qualifier>min.,max.</Qualifier>
      </Concentration>
    </PhaseComposition>
    <PhaseComposition>
      <Name>Fe-C (austenite)</Name>
    </PhaseComposition>
    <PhaseComposition>
      <Name>Fe (ferrite)</Name>
    </PhaseComposition>
    <PhaseComposition>
      <Name>FeTi</Name>
      <Notes>Possible</Notes>
    </PhaseComposition>
  </Characterization>
  <PropertyData property="pr3" technique="mt4" source="ds1">
    <Data format="integer">1235</Data>
    <Uncertainty>
      <Value format="integer">86</Value>
      <Units name="kg/mm^2" description="kilograms per square millimeter">
        <Unit>kg</Unit>
        <Unit power="-2">mm</Unit>
      </Units>
    </Uncertainty>
  </PropertyData>
  <AssociationDetails>
    <Associate>AISI 1018 steel</Associate>
    <Relationship>coating</Relationship>
  </AssociationDetails>
</ComponentDetails>
<ComponentDetails>
  <Name>heat affected zone (HAZ)</Name>
  <PropertyData property="pr3" technique="mt4" source="ds1">
    <Data format="integer">352</Data>
    <Uncertainty>
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        <Unit>kg</Unit>
        <Unit power="-2">mm</Unit>
      </Units>
    </Uncertainty>
  </PropertyData>
  <Notes>Martensitic Zone</Notes>

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</ComponentDetails>
<Metadata>
  <DataSourceDetails id="ds1" type="journal article">
    <Name>
      A. Agarwal and N.B. Dahotre, "Pulse Electrode Surfacing of Steel with TiC Coating: Microstructure and Wear Properties," ASM Journal of Materials Engineering and Performance, Vol. 8, No. 4, pp. 479-486, 1999
    </Name>
    <Notes>
      Data were digitized from Fig. 9. The reported unit, "gm", is interpreted to mean "g", grams.
    </Notes>
  </DataSourceDetails>
  <PropertyDetails id="pr1" type="mechanical">
    <Name>Wear (Weight Loss Analysis)</Name>
    <Units name="g" description="gram">
      <Unit>g</Unit>
    </Units>
  </PropertyDetails>
  <PropertyDetails id="pr2" type="mechanical">
    <Name>Coefficient of Friction</Name>
    <Unitless/>
  </PropertyDetails>
  <PropertyDetails id="pr3" type="mechanical">
    <Name>Microhardness</Name>
    <Units name="kg/mm^2" description="kilograms per square millimeter">
      <Unit>kg</Unit>
      <Unit power="-2">mm</Unit>
    </Units>
  </PropertyDetails>
  <MeasurementTechniqueDetails id="mt1">
    <Name>Block-on-Disk Tribometer</Name>
    <Notes>
      "Coated coupons of dimension 25 x 25mm were tested for dry sliding wear against a hardened steel ring rotating at a linear speed of 270m/min. Weight loss measurements were made after successive 2 min. The dry sliding wear test was conducted for 10 min with an applied normal load of 2 kg."
    </Notes>
  </MeasurementTechniqueDetails>
  <MeasurementTechniqueDetails id="mt2">
    <Name>Block-on-Disk Tribometer</Name>
    <Notes>
      "The coefficient of friction ( $\mu$ ) was also recorded simultaneously by an interface computer, which acquired data in the form of electrical output power of the motor. Even though data were recorded at a frequency of 1 Hz for a total test time of 10 min, an average of 10 successive points was taken for computing the coefficient of friction,  $\mu$ . ...the coefficient of friction is calculated by measuring the changes in voltage and current in the electrical circuit of the motor driving the block-on-ring tribometer during loading..."
    </Notes>
  </MeasurementTechniqueDetails>
  <MeasurementTechniqueDetails id="mt3">
    <Name>Block-on-Disk Tribometer</Name>
  </MeasurementTechniqueDetails>
  <MeasurementTechniqueDetails id="mt4">
    <Name>Knoop Indentation</Name>
    <Notes>
      "Microhardness measurements were performed on a Buehler Micromet II microhardness tester using a Knoop indenter with normal load of 200 g applied for 15 s."
    </Notes>
  </MeasurementTechniqueDetails>
  <ParameterDetails id="pa1">
    <Name>Time</Name>
    <Units name="min" description="minutes">
      <Unit>min</Unit>
    </Units>
  </ParameterDetails>
  <ParameterDetails id="pa2">
    <Name>Sliding Speed (Steel Ring)</Name>
    <Units name="m/min" description="meters per minute">
      <Unit>m</Unit>
    </Units>
  </ParameterDetails>

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      <Unit power="-1">min</Unit>
    </Units>
  </ParameterDetails>
  <ParameterDetails id="pa3">
    <Name>Applied Normal Load</Name>
    <Units name="kg" description="kilograms">
      <Unit>kg</Unit>
    </Units>
  </ParameterDetails>
</Metadata>
</Material>
</MatML_Doc>
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